Commander James H. Ward has been ordered to tommand of the rendezvous at Philadelphia, vice Commander John B. Goldsborough, whose term of service hander John B.

The sloop-of-war Jamestown left Panama on the morn-age of April 3d for San Juan del Norte. The Susque-annua is to leave the latter place and come to Panama, dience she is to sail for England, to aid in laying the At-utic telegraph cable. There will be no vessel of the laited States navy at Panama when the Susquehanna

The United States frigate St. Lawrence, Com. Lawrence, the United States sloop-of-war Falmouth, Capt. Forces, and the steamer Shubrick, Commander De Camp, rom Rio Janeiro, bound to San Francisco, were all at the the Commander De Camp, rom Storage of Sebruary 20. The Shubrick had several cases of yellow fever on board. The other vessels were all

The foundry at the Gosport navy yard is represented to be the most extensive in the United States, being 264 feet in length, and 104 feet broad. It has two cupola furnaces, the smaller of which will head eight tons of metal at one time, and the larger fifteen tons. All the arrangements are perfect, making the faundry one of the most complete in the world.

At the Eoston yard the extension of the dry dock is going on slowly. The Roanoke is coppered up to the water-line, and she will be launched about the 20th inst. The new propeller Hartford is getting along rapidly, and is planked to the fore-timber heads. The number of men at present employed in the yard is 1,060.

GLEANED FROM THE MAILS.

The St. Louis Republican (dem.) says it is now man-fest that the election in that State next August is to turn upon the question of abolishing slavery within its limits. By the way, would the St. Louis Republican and the St. Louis Democrat [the former a staunch democratic paper, and the latter a very black-republican sheet] have the kindness to exchange names with each other, and thus oblige their humble servants and the public gener-ally? The Rochester Democrat is also requested to change its name.

change its name.

Sevent Years a Peracuer.—The London Watchman records that the Rev. John Hichling, ninety-three years of ace, and having been seventy years a preacher, on the 26th of February delivered a discourse of an hour and twenty minutes on "Early Methodism," and that in its delivery "there was no deficiency of voice, memory, or mental power, but the whole was connected, interesting, and instructive." On the 28th he preached twice to overflowing congregations, his discourses being each an hour leng, and distinguished "by good sense, fervor, energy, and pathos."

The former residence of Hugh Lawson White, known as Flint Hill, in Knox county, Tennessee, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night week. The house was occupied by Mr. C. F. Trigg.

by fire on Wednesday night week. The house was occupied by Mr. C. F. Trigg.

Tennesus Horromean Society.—The April meeting of this society, as usual, resulted in a report of a large and varied list of additions. We find among others the presentation of several excellent portraits by Farle, copies of old and rare periodicals, coins, autographic letters, pamphlets, maps, prints, Indian relies, &c. This society, by the liberality of the Tennessee legislature, have secured permanent rooms, and the Nashville Daily News reports that "it is their desire to make their rooms the ark of degree of value, in the way of antiquities, (Indian or otherwise,) manuscripts, books, maps, pletures, engravings, portraits, busts, ceins, meahls, deguerreotypes, &c., which would aid in the proper knowledge and understanding of our history, and as rough materials for a more perfect and complete history of our State or country.

One of the German courts is now considering the question whether a husband has the legal right to open his wife's letters. The lower court decided in the negative. The question comes up now on appeal.

The question comes up now on appeal.

The New York Express says that only about one in ten of the passengers on the underground railroad reported by the abolition papers are in reality fugitive slaves. Cunning negroes, under this pretence, now travel about with "free ricks," free board, and without work. If "the underground" road did the twentieth part of the real work it reports itself doing, Canada would be so full of negroes there would be no room for a white man.

atifying incidents connected with the recent glorious ily of the democrats in Connecticut is the following notice of Zebulen Penfield, of Portland, who made his

cratic elector:

"Mr. Penfield was born 16th April, 1765, and will be 33 years old this month. He resides now, and has always resided, on the same place where he was born, honored and respected by all who know him. He was admitted to the privileges of a freeman of the colony, on the property qualification, in the fall of 1786. These privileges he has never failed but once in exercising. Once only has he failed to deposit his ballot or 'to stand up for the count.' The reason of this failure was absence from the State—the made a voyage to Boston."

"With this one exception, no impediments, moral or physical, nothing in nature, bodily or spiritual, the man within, nor man without, could deter him from depositing his vote. He has lived ready for the summons—whether to the polls, or to any other duty. It is his pride and boast that every vote has been democratic. He is fully competent to give good reasons for his long and consistent course. All glory to the aged veteran. He is a bright example. The town is proud of him."

American and English Railmoads.—At the last meeting of the Franklin Institute, Messes. Colburt and Holley, civil engineers, offered some very interesting remarks in reference to the management of railroads in this country as compared with France and England. The information was collected by the two gentlemen during a European tour, at the request of several of our railroad companies.

mation was collected by the two gentlemen during a Enropean tour, at the request of several of our railroad companies.

From the statement made, it appears that the average
cost of maintenance, renewal of way, and engines and
working is in New York 70½ cents per mile run, against
but 36½ cents in England and 42½ cents in France. In
the northern United States the average distance run with
the consumption of one ton of coal (or wood in equal proportion) is forty-four miles; in Great Britain it is seventy-seven miles, and in France eighty miles. The greatest
economy, therefore, is practised on French roads. The
average cost of fuel per mile run in the different countries
is about 6 cents in England, 11 cents in France, and 18
cents in New York and Massachusetts. The average receipts per mile run are: In New York, \$1.76; Great
Britain, \$1.44; and France, \$2.03.

The speed of the English passenger trains exceeds that
of the American, the average being twenty-eight miles an
hour. The weight of these trains is much less than that
of the American, being ninety-five tons in England, and
130 tons in New York. The difference in speed is likewise accounted for by the lighter grades of the foreign
lines. Besides this, the tracks are more carefully laid
than is usual here: the cuttings are wider, the drainage
very thorough, the ballasting twenty-six feet wide and
two feet deep; the cross-tics nine feet long, and saturated
either with coalar, crossote, or sulphate of copper. The
rails weigh seventy two lbs. to the yard, being in height
five inches, and much more carefully manufactured than
in this country.

The cest or a mile of first-class English permanent way.

tive inches, and much more carefully manufactures in this country.

The cost of a mile of first-class English permanent way, at English prices, is but little more than that of a mile of ordinary American railway, at American prices. The passenger locomotives of Great Britain consume raw bituminous coal with entire success, and without smoke. In Belgium also this fuel is used.

Mr. Colburn was of opinion, after a thorough examination of all the facts, that under the foreign system there was an absolute economy of 30 or 40 per cent. over the curresponding results on American railways. The average dividend on all English share capital was 3‡ per cent.

[Philaddphia Journal.]

CITY MAYORALTY CONVENTION.

know-nothing party of the city of Washington was held last evening at the Assembly Rooms, on Louisiana avenue. Soon after the hour fixed for the meeting, the large hall was nearly filled with an interested auditory, who paid marked attention to the proceedings of the convention. Throughout, good order was preserved, nd the best feeling prevailed among the crowd.

Mr. Exas. It is desired, gentlemen, that the con-lon shall now proceed to business. I move that lenerhany be elected president of this convention. Mr. Menemany. I beg leave, most respectfully

mphatically, to decline.

Mr. Monus. I move that Mr. Edward Slmms be nomi

mated president.

Mr. Sixis. I would greatly prefer that Mr. hany should serve. I hope the nomination will

upon.
The question was taken, and Mr. McNerhany was un imously elected.
Upon taking the chair, Mr. McNerhany was gree with a round of applause. He addressed the conven-

Gentlemen of the Concention: I beg to tender you me warmest and most sincere thanks for the unmerited her or which you have been pleased to confer upon me it calling me to preside over your deliberations. Words a thankfulness I need not express. I can best acknowledge the compliment by bringing to the discharge of the discharge of the discharge of the discharge of the discharge and the compliment by bringing to the discharge of the discharge and the discharge of the discharge and solemn duty. We have assembles gentlemen, to discharge a high and solemn duty. We are here to select a suitable candidate for the mayorals of this proud and beautiful city. Upon our action her to-night will depend much of the future weal or woo of triational metropolis. I can therefore but invoke the spir of wisdom, of justice, of moderation to attend upon or deliberations. I can but invoke that spirit of union an harmony which ought to characterize our proceeding and above all, and beyond all, gentlemen, I can but as you with all my heart to come to the support of the non ince of this convention, whoever he may be, [great as plause] with untiring energy and unswerving fidelit I thank you again, gentlemen, for the honor. [Applause On motion of Mr. Exnis, Mr. Wm. Mohum was chose secretary.

roll of delegates.

The roll was accordingly called, when the following the continuous answered to their names:

Seventh Ward.—E. M. Clark, Peter Hepburn, sr., James E. Johnson, J. T. Cassell, H. A. Clarke.

Mr. Brandt. I make the motion that this convention be governed by the same rules that were acknowledge by the convention held last year.

Mr. ENSIS. I second that motion.

Mr. Brandt. The rules I refer to are those calling the wards in detail and adopting the majority rule.

The Passidext. Gentlemen, you have heard the motion of Mr. Brandt, that the rules governing the convention fast year be adopted by this convention.

Mr. SENES. I would like to know what they are.

The Passidext. The main rule is that the majorit

The Passingst. The main rule is that the majority hall govern the action of the convention. The question was then taken, and the motion agreed

Applause.]
Mr. Harmurs. I nominate Mr. Wm. F. Bayly. [Co. inued applause.]
Mr. Brooks. I nominate Mr. George W. Riggs.

Mr. BROOKS. I nominate Mr. George W. Riggs. [Applause.]
Mr. Exnis. Will the gentleman serve if elected?
Mr. BROOKS. I am assured by his friends that he will accept the nomination and serve.
Mr. Rimms. Mr. Riggs, whose name has just been put before this meeting, has been called upon several times. I was one of a committee who called upon him, and I believe there were others. He has written to me that he could accept the nomination in no event.
The President. The name of Mr. Riggs has been withdrawn. Are there any further nominations?
Mr. Divise. I nominate Mr. James G. Berret, of the Second ward. [Applause.]
Mr. Gallant. I nominate W. W. Moore, of the Fourth ward. [Applause.]

ward. [Applause.]
The nominations here closed.
Mr. Quinn voted for Mr. Borrows for the first thre Mr. Exxis. I desire to make a motion before the con

vention proceeds to ballot. I move that the members of this convention be pledged to the support of the nominee, whoever he may be. [Great applause.] Mr. Rress. I second the motion, and move that it be

At this stage of the proceedings, Mr. Brandt was chosen

assistant secretary.

The convention then proceeded to the first ballot.

Whole number of votes, 35; necessary to a choice, 18. number of votes, 35; necessary to a choice, 18.

Carke—12.

For Wm. W. Moore.—Messrs. P. Gallant, Wm. cibley, T. Alten Richard Brooks, V. Connor.—5.

For J. G. Berrel.—Mr. James F. Divine.

Ptr J. G. Berret.—Mr. James F. Dwine.

No gentleman having received a majority of all the yotes cast, there was no election, and the convention proceeded to the second ballot, which resulted as the first, except that Mr. McNerhany voted for Mr. Berret—the yote being: For Mr. Magruder, 16; Mr. Bayly, 12; Mr. Moore, 5; Mr. Berret, 2. No election.

On the 3d ballot Mr. McNerhany voted for Mr. Magruder, and Mr. W. F. Price for Mr. Bayly. The 4th ballot resulted precisely as the 3d.

der, and Mr. W. F. Price for Mr. Bayly. The 4th ballot resulted precisely as the 3d.

At the announcement of the 4th ballot a voice cried out: "Nominate a new man."

The President Order, gentlemen. The convention is competent to do that. [Applause.]

The convention then proceeded to the fifth ballot, with the same result as the 4th.

On the 6th ballot Mr. Borrows voted for Mr. J. F. Brown, the result being for Mr. Magruder, 16; for Mr. Bayly, 12; for Mr. Moore, 5; for Mr. Berret, 1; for Mr. Brown, 1. Brown, 1.
The seventh ballot is as follows:

The seventh ballot is as follows:

For Mr. Magrader.—The same as the vote on the first ballot.—17.

For Mr. Harly.—Mesars. A Vodder. A. B. Stoughton, John F. Linns, Geo. E. Hillard, L. F. Cherk, C. F. Wannall, E. M. Chark, Peter Hepburn, jr., Jas. E. Johnson, J. T. Cascell, H. A. Carke.—11.

For Mr. Brown.—Mesars P. Gallant, Wm. Sbley, Jas. F. Divine, Dr. Borrows, Richard Brooks.—8.

For Mr. Moore.—T. Altemas, V. Conner.—2.

There being no election, the convention proceeded to the 8th ballot, which resulted as follows: Magrader, 17;

Bayly, 9; Prown, 7; Moore, 2.—Mesars. C. P. Wannall and E. M. Clark changing from Bayly to Brown.

The 9th ballot resulted precisely as the 8th. On the 10th ballot Mesars. Hepburn and Cassel changed from Bayly to Brown, giving the former 7, and the latter 9 votes.

Bayly to Brown, giving the former 4, and the latter votes.

At the conclusion of the 10th ballot,
Mr. Clark said: I will move a recess to enable the various delegations to consult together. We have gone on to the tenth ballot without effecting a nomination. If there is no objection, I should be glad if we could have time for a consultation.

Mr. Farse. I object.
The 11th ballot was then taken, resulting as follows:
Magruder, 17; Bayly, 8; Brown, 9; Moore, I. Mr. Cassel voted for Mr. Bayly, and Mr. Conner for Mr. Brown.

Asset Volcet for Air. Edyly,
frown.

The 12th hallot resulted precisely as the preceding.
The 13th ballot was then taken, resulting as follows:
For Mr. Magneter. Same vote as Erreisfore—17.
For Mr. Bayly.—N. Velder, A. B. Stoughton, John F. Ennis, Geo.
John F. L. Clark.—S. For Mr. Brown.—P. Gallaut, Wm. Sabley, James F. Pivine, Dr.
For Mr. Brown.—P. Gallaut, Wm. Sabley, James F. Pivine, Dr.
Lorgrows, C. P. Wannall, Richard Brooks, V. Conner, P. Hepburn,
L. S. P. Mr. Rerret - Mossra, E.M. Clark, Jan. E. Johnson, J. T. Cassel, B. A. Clarke - 4. P. r. Mr. Moore. - T. Alternas - 1.

There being no election, the convention proceeded to the 14th ballot, as follows:

Hy Mr. Magrader. Same as before, excepting Mr. McNerhany, who roted for Mr. Berrot. 16.

Screenings 77 75, and 29, of springs 2, 4, ried 3

ntil this night week.

The motion was not agreed to.

The 17th and 18th ballots were then taken, For Magruder, 13; Bayly, 5; Brown, 7; Berret, 10 The 19th ballot resulted as follows:

For Mr. Mogrador.—The same vide as on the 15th ballot.—12.
For Mr. Berret.—Messrs. N. Vedder, A. B. Stoughton, J. F. Enneorgo E. Jillard, L. F. Clark, C. F. Wannall, J. Mutley, W. F. Pret.
McGran, F. McNerhany, Richard Books, E. M. Clarke, Exter Henri, James E. Johnson, J. T. Cassel, H. A. Clarke, James F.

During the call of the roll on the 19th ballot, Mr. Divina said: I think it would be well if gen een who are coming in to electioneer would take b

on the delegates.

No gentleman having received a majority of all th votes cast, there was no election, and the convention proceeded to the twentieth ballot. The following is the vote in detail:

Mr. Brauer, having received a majority of the ast, was declared duly nominated. The result cived with demonstrations of applause and loud

Mr. CLARK. I move that the nomination be declar-

Mr. Clark. I move that the nomination be declare manimous.

The motion was unanimously agreed to, and thre hearty cheers were given for Mr Berret.

Mr. McLLOT. I move that a committee of seven—on for each delegation—be appointed to wait upon Colone Berret, and inform bim of his nomination.

Mr. MORUN. And that he attend this meeting.

Mr. Exns. If the intention is that this committee i to wait upon Colonel Berret, and request him to attend this meeting, I would state that Colonel Berret has bee suddenly called from the city. If there be a motion twait upon him at another day the committee could perform their duty.

Mr. MULLOY. I will amend the motion in accordance with what the gentleman has said.

The question was then taken, and the motion was agreed to.

Mr. Diving. I move that a committee of three from each ward be appointed to make arrangements for hold

each ward be appointed to make arrangements for holding a grand mass meeting to push on the cause of de

ing a grand mass meeting to push on the cause of commercacy.

The motion was agreed to unanimously.

The Parsusers then announced the committee to won Mr. Berret and inform him of his nomination to composed of the following gentlemen: John J. Mulle W. W. Davis, N. Vedder, Edward Simms, Peter Gallat J. D. Brandt, E. M. Clark.

Mr. Exnis. I move that the convention adjourn.

Mr. Brandt, I hope the motion will be withdraw I have a series of resolutions to offer.

Mr. Exnis. I withdraw the motion.

The resolutions were then read as follows:

The resolutions were such as the state of James 6. Berret for as mayor of the city of Washington, we doem it proper to proon as mayor of the city of Washington, we doem it proper to promise consideration of truth and justice, against the impressions of the consideration of truth and justice, against the impressions of the consideration of truth and justice, against the impressions of the consideration of truth and justice, against the impression of truth and provideration of

5. Resolved, That the avasion of our then quiet and peaceful city, on the day of the last municipal election, by horders of know-arching ruff flans from Bultimore, is without a parallel in the history of civilized communities. [Good.] Our warmers thanks are due, and are hereby tendered, to the President of the United States and to the Hoir. Secretary of the Navy for the readiness and prompitude with which they responded to the call of the inayor of the city, and by the interposition of military force repelled the invacing foe, and rescued the capital of the republic from the carange which otherwise avaited it. These who were absent in their far distant quiet homes can have no

Mr. CLARK. I ask to have the first resolution read

Mr. CLARE. I ask to have the first resolution read again.

The first resolution was again read.

Mr. Boanows. I really do hope these resolutions will not pass. I can claim to be one of the first opposers of knownothing ism. I voted against one dear to me, now in the grave, merely because he was a member of the knownothing organization. But, sir, some of those who fought the last battle have declared themselves against party nominations. Our object is to select those in favor of law and order for all purposes. I believe that the knownothing party organization is dead, but I believe that these resolutions will revive it. I believe that they will not unite with us any of those who are not in our ranks, and will not preserve our party from desertions.

It is enough to present a candidate unobjectionable in morals, deportment, and general character. I am willing to let "by-gones be by-gones," and lay down my arms, but not to revive know-nothingism by the spirit of these resolutions. I know the gentleman nominated, and I feel the highest respect for him, and though I did not vote for him, I am for him. But I am for peace. Let us present a candidate as we have presented him, and let us present a candidate as we have presented him, and let the opposition bring forward their candidate without reviving "old sores."

Mr. CLARE. I would inquire if this is not an anti-know-nothing convention? I do not believe that the know-nothing convention? I do not believe that the know-nothing convention? I do not believe that the know-nothing them in lote. I am opposed to sailing under false colors. Let us sail under our own colors, and I believe victory will be ours.

Mr. L. F. CLARE. I believe the first clause in the resolution be stricken out. [The portion of the first resolution in which a vote of thanks is returned. I move that the name of the present executive le finserted for the promptiness with which he acted on theococasion referred to.

The unendment was unanimously adopted, and the resolutions, as amended, were agreed to. The first resolution was again read.

MURDER TRIALS. - The trial of John Essex for killi Owen Quigley, on Pennsylvania avenue, at the corner of 9th street, on the day after the municipal election in 1856, is set down to commence on Monday next.

The trial of Benjamin Ogle for killing John Webb (the jury having disagreed at the former trial) is not commence on next Saturday week, the 24th

winter, to take the editorial charge of all matters illustrating American scenery, forest life, and sports. The long and varied journeys of Mr. Lanman, recorded in hispopular works, have admirably qualified him for this pleasing and honorable positions; and in addition to the materials already in his portfolios and note-books, or which he may add to them, he is empowered to employ the best artistic takens, whenever and wherever he may deem it proper. The department thus placed under his charge will prove a brilliant feature in the Nees, and will add to its popularity in this country, while it will be very interesting to readers in other lands.

The Outrage.—Yesterday, Victoire Fugelmann, a German woman about thirty years of age, testified before Justice Donn that the party of Germans arrested made her leave the highway, and took her into the woods, where they stepped her of her clothing, and ten of them they stripped her of her clothing, and ten of them successively committed an outrage, one standing over her with a loaded pistel, threatening to kill her if she offered resistance. She that knownstme of the party in Baltimore, and positively identified five, who were fully committed for trial. Three others were identified by her and committed as accessories, and the remaining five were discharged. The first five, if convicted, are liable to a punishment of not less than ten nor more than thirds years and there is a constant to more than thirty years, and there is a generally-expressed desire that no mistaken clemency will be interposed between the perpetrators of such a heinous crime and the full ex-tent of the law.

The three others of the party who escaped the Was ington officers were arrested about four miles from Balti-more by the police of that city, to whom a telegraphic description of them had been sent by Justice Donn. They were committed to jail to await a requisition from the

CRIMINAL COURT.—The court-room was crowded yes-terially morning by the friends of James Powers, the young man convicted of having committed murder in the first dugree in killing Edward A. Luts on the 7th of December last. It was expected that sentence would be pronounced, but the prisoner's counsel signified a desire pronounced, but the prisoner's counsel agained a desire to file a bill of exceptions to the verdict, which they will offer to-day or to-morrow, and sentence was deferred. This postponement gave rise to a rumor on the avenue that the deputy marshal was afruid that a rescue would

be attempted if the prisoner was brought into court.

Threats to that effect may have been made, but we feel confident that the officers of the law are fully competent to discharge their duty, regardless of the consequ

Remotes Services.—The services below mentioned will be held every day during the present week:

Ladies' prayer meeting at the Thirteenth Street Baptist Church, from eleven o'clock, a. m., until noon.

Business Men's prayer meeting at the Four-and-a-half Street Presbyterian Church, from noon until one o'clock,

p. m. Union prayer meeting at the Methodist Episcopal Church, on Fourth street east, from five until six o'clock, p. m. Union prayer meeting at the Thirteenth Street Baptist Church, from a quarter before five until a quarter before

Church, from a quarter before five until a quarter before six o'clock, p. m.

Union mixings for preaching in the Western Presbyterian, F Street Presbyterian, First Presbyterian, and Sixth Presbyterian Churches, commencing at 8 o'clock, p. m.

A tenum will be preached every night this week (except Sunday) at Trinity Church, corner of Third and C streets. Also, on Wednesday and Friday mornings at 11 o'clock. The evening services will begin at 8 o'clock. The seats will be free for these services, and all are in-

SEITHEONIAN ISSTITUTION.—The library, which is in the western portion of the building, has been refitted, and the scientific works so classified and arranged by countries as to make them easily accessible for consultation. In this department the library at the Smithsonian is probably the test in America, and it is to be regretted that such valuable works are almost crowded from the shelves by the copyright and too often worthless trash which the

Institution is forced to receive.

The cases in the hall of the museum of natural history are completed, and will soon be filled with a collection of

navigation has been impeded by several small breaks. It is stated that during the first half of the present month 95 boats have arrived at Georgetown; 41 from Cumber-land, bringing 4,715 tons of coal, and the remainder from different points with flour, grain, wood, lime, stone, &c. for the same period amount to \$3,207. A large fleet of boats from Cumberland, laden with coal, are now on their

BALTIMORK AND OHIO RALEMOND.—The receipts for March, 1858, were \$441,649 38. This is a decrease com-pared with the receipts of March 1857, (which was inauguration time,) but is \$161,275 42 over the receipts for the month previous, showing an increase of business. The measure adopted a few months ago making a reduction of ten per cent. upon the salaries of all employees receiving over \$500 per annum has been modified, so as to limit the reduction to all salaries over and above \$750.

NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY is to be published by Brady, the world-renowned photographist, who has es-tablishments in this city and in New York. One portrait will be published every week, in four different sizes, with all the merit and finish of fine steel engraving, and at about the same price. The first subject is Archbishop Hughes, of New York.

THE ODD FELLOWS in this District propose celebrating the 25th of May by a procession, an oration at the Smithsonian Institution by Wm. H. Young, D. G. M., of Maryland, a dinner, and in the evening a Promenade Concert at the hall of the order in Seventh street.

The Adams Express Company conveyed the remains of Colonel Benton to St. Louis gratuitously. Mr. Falls, the Washington agent, accompanied the coffin to the Relay House, where it was taken in charge by an escort from the Baltimore office.

lin Fire Company to Alexandria, and committed disor derly acts, are about to suffer the penalty of their mis-conduct. The reward offered by the Alexandrians has stimulated our "efficient" police, and several arrests have already been made.

THE PATROLS are rendering a double service to the city, as they not only arrest disorderly persons, but give valua-ble information as to the efficiency of the present auxil-iary guard and uniformed police.

Electron or Officers.—The Washington Hebrew Young Men's Society have elected the following officers: Joseph Joseph, president; B. Canfinan, vice president; A. Straus, freasurer; Moses Samstag, financial secretary; and S. Herman, recording secretary.

MATROPOLITAN MECHANICA INSTITUTE.—The annual meeting of this society will be held on Wednesday, the 21st inst., at 7½ o'clock, p. m., at the ablermen's room, City Hall, when officers will be elected. The Opena.—La Traviale is to be repeated to night, with an increased orchestra and a full chorus, instead of the Pacitani. On Saturday the Tracestore will doubtless

attract a full house. Pensonal. -- General J. E. Fletcher, of Minnesota, is at the National.

IMPROVAMENT. - An addition is to be made to A Slock, at the corner of thereuth and I streets, wh

THOMAS J. M. CAMANT,

A crowded and enthusiante audinues greated the initial performance. It can only be given on Friday overlag, as the Tierry and the almost unable and enthusiante audinues greated the initial performance of this enchasiment grouposition on Tuesday evening; the singers we compelled to frequently acknowledges the plendities as the fifthe of was ington, and the almost unablage a desire of the Subscribers compared to amount of with all its completeness of cast for one as performance. It can only be given on Friday ovening, as the Tierry

any Unequalled I Look at the Artists !! d Orchestra! Full Choras !! Famar Ersaine, April, 16, 1856.
Will be rendered Verdi's grand opers of
LA TRAVIATA.
song by her in all the theatres of TR GAZZANIGA Diors open at to past seven; opera begins at f b'clock.
Subscription list and box book will be opened at 10 o'clock, a
said, and the seven seven at the seven seven at the seven sev

CAPT. MAYNE REID'S NEW BOOK, RAN TAYLOR & MAURY'S Ap 16-3t

WELLINGTON'S DESPATCHES AND MEMO 1 vol. Löndon: 1888.
Tenerific, an astronomer's residence above the clouds. By C. Piazzi Suyth. 1 vol. London. 1858, with Storeograph illustrations. Metocrological Papers by the Board of Trade. Number 1. London. 1858.
Hetocrological Papers by the Board of Trade. Number 1. London. 1858.
Cyclopedia of Universal History. 1 vol. London. 1857.
Arago's Lives of Definguished Scientific Men. 1 vol. London. 1857.
Russell's Agriculture and Climate of the United States, Canada, and Caba. 1 vol. Edinburg. 1857.
Life and Public Services of Lord Palmerston. London. 1857.
Rise of our Indian Empire. By Lived Mahon. London. 1858.
Ludewig's Literature of American Aboriginal Languages. London. 1858.

1858.
On Signahizing at Sea. London. 1858.
Binna's Orthographic Projection. London. Socials and Domestic Architecture. By Gdon. 1858.
British Nautical Almanac for 1861.
For sale by
Ap 16

THE LIVES AND TIME OF THE CHIEF JUSTICES of the Supreme Court of the United States. By Henry Planders. 2 vols. \$5. For sale by O'L COLORED PICTURES, BIBLE VIEWS, &c

Price 25 cents per packet, or bound in cloth 40 cents.

Views in Jerusalem," with plans and descriptive letter press.

Eastern Manners and Customs," with descriptive letter press.
The Trouches and Loch Lomond," with descriptive letter press.

Views in the Environs of Elipburgh," with descriptive letters. see in Many Lands," with descriptive letter-press.
c Gities of Palestine," do do do do norican Views," do do do TAYLOR & MAURY'S,
334 Perm. avenus

THE BRITISH EXPEDITION TO THE CRIMEA By Wh. H. Russell, Li. D., the "Timage" Special Correspondent. A revised edition, with numerous emendations and additions illustrated with plans, wood-cuts, &c. English edition. Price 33 50.

A Bedionary of Trade Products—commercial, manufacturing, and technical terms—with a definition of the moneys, weighte, and measures of all countries. By P. L. Simbonds, F. R. G. S. Price 43 50.

The Divorced. By Lady Charlette Bury. Price 25 cents.

Just published, and for sale at

TAYLOR & MAURY'S

(Global States).

FORTIETH INSTALMENT .- Now in store th

TORTIETH INSTALMENT.—Now in store the fortest instalment of our celebrated "House-wife Cottons."

6 cases "Ladies" Cottons."

3 cases "Exerinating Shirting Cottons."

The above goods all originated with us, and have been pronounce by the best judges as superior to any goods of their class in the or any other American market, of the "soft fluish" brand. On amous are simped in full on each piece.

400 pieces or all other medium and extra fine English and America Cottons and Long Clothe.

400 pieces Irish Linens in all grades, thick and thin, the best numbers, made to our orders in Ireland.

40 cartons stitched Linen Shirt Bosoms at various prices.

The vast quantity of pure linen goods annually possing through or hands enables us to offer the very bost fabrics at astonishingly to prices.

15 RRY & BROTHER.

"Central Stores," west foulding, shirting Cottons."
ginated with us, and have been pronounced
superior to any goods of their class in this
market, of the "soft fluish" brand. Our
lon each piece.
medium and extra fine English and American

in weekly numbers of eighty large octave pages such, obsely proted. Its content chiefly made up of articles from the English quarterly review and monthly magazines. Price 56 yearity or 1214 cents for single numbers. FRANCK TAYLOR.

M EDICAL BOOK AGENCY IN WASHINGTON.

TAYLOR & MAURY supply all the medical works publishes in the United States at the publishers lowest prices.

April 14—d3t

Book store, 334 Penn. avenue.

PATTER & HENDERSON, Attorneys-at-law, have associated incressives for the practice of law in the circuit court of the fisherict of Columbia, and will give fiver attention to any legal business that may be intrusted to them connected with that court. April 1—2001/2m² NEW SPRING GOODS.—The ladies of Washing ton and adjacent cities are respectfully invited to an inspection for new and beautiful variety of the latest novelties of the seaso pracing both tancy and stapes European and American fabrics.

RIGHARD H. HENDERSO

mbracing both tancy and staple. European and American fabrics. In the dress line we name—

10 very rich China Robe A Quille Silks

25 do Robe A Volants do go person de la very rich double super Robe A Quille Silks

26 do Grenadine Robe A Volants

26 do Grenadine Robe A Volants

27 do Grandie Robe A Quille

28 do Grenadine Robe A Volants

29 do do Robe A Volants

20 do Berege Robes A Quille

20 do Berege Robes A Volants

20 do French Joconet Lawns

20 do French Organdie Robins

20 de French Organdie Robins

21 do double super Robe A Quille

22 do double super Robe A Volants

23 do French Organdie Robins

24 do double super Robe A Volants

25 do French Organdie Robins

26 de plain black Twisted Silks

27 de Grench Roben Lawns

28 do double width plain white and black Bereges

29 colarez Silk Robes A Quille, &c.

20 Togethor with a great variety of other desirable goods adapted to wints of the fashionable world.

10 HOME, BRO., & CO.,

SIDNEY S. BAXTER.

Pennsylvania agenue, between 8th and 9th at PROF. MACLEOD'S boarding and day school for young ladies, 209 F street, between 1th and 12th.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS-DUVALE & Rao., Merchant Tailors, would call the attention of their cus-tomers in Congress, and the public in general, to the arrival of their stock of new spring and summer goods, among which will be found some superfor qualities of fine thin Clothe, and black and fancy Casa-meros, and lines! Drap of Etc. All of which they are prepared to make to order in their usual style of elegance and fashion. BUVALL & BRO., Ap 4—codiCw

NEW SPRING GOODS FOR GENTLEMEN. F.W. SITEING GOODS, 170 to GEN LOSS.

J. REER, Merchant Taiker, No. 488 Seventh street, has just received life new SPRING GOODS, and is new ready to exhibit them to his customers and the public. Members of Congress are invited to walk up Suventh street and see the goods and prices. Those who have berediffere patronised my entablishment need not be told that perfect sufficiention is guarantied in all cases, both as to materials and workmanship.

Mar 31—Zaw3wif

GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE.

The subscriber has taken the agency and has now on hand an assortment of the above celebrated family sewing machines; and in presenting them to the public notice can, without foar of contradiction, say that they are believed to be the best afficie ever offered to the public. They are adapted to all kinds of finnity saving, from the finest to the coarsest kind. He most respectfully invites the lastics to call and examine them.

and to the coursest that.

A lady will always be in attendance to exhibit them, and to instruall who are debrous of purchasing.

Needles of all sizes will be constantly kept on hand for sale.

No. 318, fron Hall, Pennsylvania avenue, between

Mar 5 - 2tawswif

The and 19th streets.

OFFICIAL:

PLENDID SCHEMES FOR MAY, 1858.

#38, 500 | 1 prize 15,000 | 1 do 12,500 | 1 do 7,500 | 50 prises 5,000 | 56 do 4,000 | 111 do es of packages of 25 whole tick.
do 25 talf do
do 25 quarter de

Orders for tickets and shares and or bore splendid letteries will receive the re-count of each drawing will be sent im-P. J. BUCKEY, Agent,

DINE GAUZE FLANNELS In all grades Also, 30 pieces low-priced twilled A ell a lapted for spring and summer won We make daily additions to our stock. We are not opining say new accounts. We are not opining any new accounts. Continuous who he
fore settled their bills by note with text with the former
guire cash when the bill is presented, and meather with
accordable. It is a matter of no consequence how re
parties may be, a prompt cash actilement is the only in
unders their bills situating ones to us.

Ap 13—10tdif Opposite Central Roces," west brilding,

A LL WIDTHS.—Medium, fine, and superfine table damake, in all within and prices, from the lowest and narrowest up to the widest and fines of stylich and novel patterns, "pure all lines" impkins, doylies, towels, &c. 40 dozen bath towels, all the various best kinds. New supplies from the North and East daily. The lowest cash price marked in plain figures. We are not opening any new accounts. All bills presented monthly for payment in each, and discontinued it not patel. We have determined to abolish the system of leiting goods go out of the store for inspection and a pulling to gircon at larms. The patient we damage to fabrica costs on from one thousand to fifteen huddred dollars annually, and adds great labor to the book leeper's other duties, for which addition there is nother groot have sublications. Reflecting people will see the notical necessity of this measure, where a integer value business is done.

Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be rolled on in all parket.

April 13—10tdif PERRY & PROTIER,

"Central Sures," week building.

April 13—10tdif opposite Centre Market FOR MILITARY MEN. 40 pieces white ling ducks, in all grades, for paint and vests.

It places have white lines draftings.

With a large stock of most choice fabrics in all departments for the start of the start of

This argument supplies daily.

We open new supplies daily.

One price only, marked in plain figures; so deviation.

The recent financial revulsion has induced us to decline op any new accounts, to present all bills monthly, and to disparing this that are not paid prescribly. We are inferrible in the applie of this doctrine.

Good articles, less prices, and fair dealing may be relied on cases.

"Central Sieres," west builds opposite Contral Congress to

ANDSOME FLOUNCED SILK ROBES.—We now have in store a very large and shagant assertment of handsome flottered robes of the newcon styles, to which we around intit the special attention of the ladies. We name in part the following, who is not the ladies. The control of the ladies were styles, it is which we around inck, which has a been comprising every statistic to the ladies. We make in part the following, viz:

100 floured fills robes, comprising every variety is catered and black, which have been purchased recently at large section cales in New York and Philadelphia at very low prices, and we say now self-ing eith robes as \$16, \$16, and \$50 that would have heregist \$25, \$10 that time last year.

Also, a very oblice assertment of law and medium dere silks, ranging from 75 cents to 31 per yard, any be found well worthy the inspection of these wishing very ulsap silk dram.

PLACE MOURNING SHADE.

We have just received from the importer a choice lot of heavy black mourning silks without much instre and very soft finish, to which we would call the attention of tadies in mourning. Also, a lot of plaid, have adord, and black Posinird silks, which we are selling at 50 ceuts per yard, and which will be found to be one of the most serviceable articles in use.

We have also received a very handsome let of black striped g dines, which we are selling at about what they cost to import.

W. M. SHUTTER & CO.,

No. 78, opposite Centre Market
between 7th and 8th stree